NAME:	
SCHOOL	SIGNATURE:
553/1 BIOLOGY (Theory) PAPER 1	ISSHA
July/August 2018 21/2hours	Ž.C.



WAKISSHA JOINT MOCK EXAMINATIONS

Uganda Certificate of Education **BIOLOGY** (THEORY)

Paper 1

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- This paper consists of three sections; A, B and C.
- Answer all questions in sections A and B, and any two questions from section C.
- Any additional questions answered will not be marked.
- Answers to section A should be written in the boxes provided, on the right side.
- Answers to section B should be written in the spaces provided.
- Answers to section C should be written in the answer booklet/sheets provided.

		For Examiner	's use only
Sec	ction	Marks	Examiner's Initials & No.
A			
В	No. 31		
В	No. 32		
	No. 33	And the second	
C	No.		
	No.		
To	otal		

SECTION A (30 MARKS)

Answer all questions in this section.

			1. T			concentration i	n a bea	lt la	
ι.	The	following grap re, during and	after a	s the blood gi meal.	ucose	concentration i	ii a nea	uny person	
		Blood glucose	mg/100cm³		er meal	Time in hours			
		1	rees the	decrease in gl	ucose	level three hou	ırs aftei	the meal?	
		Antidiuretic	c horma	ne.					
	A.	Glucagon.	c mornic						
	B. C.	Insulin.							
	-	Ocetrogen							
	D.	Con og cin	fallowi	na terms descr	ibes the	e change from	plant p	roteins to	
2.	Whi	ch one of the	ounds	ng terms deser					
	A.	nonium compo Nitrificatio	n.						
	B.	Putrification							
	C.	Fermentati							
	D.	Denitrifica							
3.	In c	ell division ch	romoso	mes align alor	ng the e	quatorial region	on durir	ng	
٥.	A.	Anaphase.							
	B.	Telephase.							
	C.	Prophase.							
	D.	Metaphase							
4.	The	success of a r	nosquit	o in spreading	pathog	ens may be att	tributed	to presen	ice of;
	A.	wings and							
	B.	legs and wi							
	C.	proboscis a		_					
	D.	proboscis a							
5.						tial because the	ey		
	A.			e body require		l			
	B.		_			ly can make th	iem.		
	C. D.			ed from an art		ly cannot mak			
		-							
6.			escribe		energy	in an ecosyste	m?		
	A.	Carnivore	\rightarrow	herbivore	\rightarrow	plant	\rightarrow	sun	
	B.	Plant	\rightarrow	herbivore	\rightarrow	carnivore	\rightarrow	sun	
	C.	Sun	\rightarrow	carnivore	\rightarrow	herbivore	→	plant	
	D.	Sun	\rightarrow	plant	\rightarrow	herbivore	\rightarrow	carnivor	e
7.	A field	d produces a	poor ci	rop yield of m	aize af	ter being used	for the	same cro	p for
						wing year ma			
	succes	sfully. Which	h of the	e following is	the pr	obable explan	ation o	f the effec	ts of
		on the soil?			1	•			
		texture of so		improved.					
	B.			n the soil was	increa	ased.			
		THE CALL				and the second second			

7.

	C. nitrogen content was increased.D. acidity of the soil was reduced.	
8.	Which part of the brain controls reflex activities of the body? A. cerebrum. B. cerebellum. C. medulla oblongata. D. hypothalamus.	the stored?
9.	In which of the following parts of the maize grain are most carbohyd. A. Cotyledon. B. Radicle. C. Endosperm. D. Plumule.	
10.	Which one of these cell organelle would be most active at sites wher against diffusion gradient? A. Nucleus. B. Mitochondria. C. Chloroplasts. D. Ribosomes.	
11.	The following graph shows the concentration of female sex hormon time.	es in the blood over
	Hormone levels brogesterone	
	What happens at point X and Point Y? X Y Time in days	
	A. Menstruation B. Menstruation C. Repair of uterus wall lining C. Repair of uterus wall lining C. Repair of uterus wall lining Ovulation Ovulation	
12.	The first step in the test for starch in a leaf, is to place the leaf in boone minute. What is the purpose of this step? To A. denature all enzymes in the leaf. B. make the leaf softer so that it is easier to test for starch. C. remove air in the leaf. D. remove chlorophyll from the leaf.	
13.	Low land atheletes report for a sports competition organized on hi before the competition? This would be in order for them to acquire A. higher fat deposits under their skin. B. larger muscles. C. higher erythrocyte numbers.	
14.	o the sing parade may faint and fall down. W	Turn Over

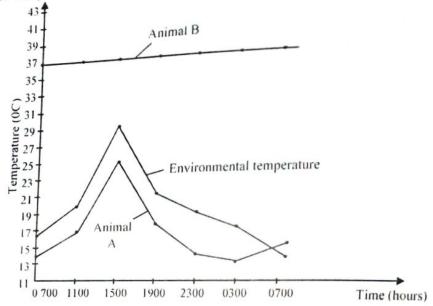
	[[사람이 보기 : [] -
	C. He could have drunk a lot of alcohol before. D. There was accumulation of lactic acid in the muscles.
15.	Which conditions would cause a plant to will most rapidly A. High humidity, high temperature, high wind speed. B. High humidity, low temperature, high wind speed. C. Low humidity, high temperature, high wind speed.
16.	D. Low humidity, low temperature as Suppose one's pancreas gets damaged, what would happen to that person? He would develop; A. Kwashiorkor.
	B. Diabetes insipidus C. Diabetes mellitus. D. Malaria
17.	A pastoralist will always retain within his herd a bull whose characteristics are desirable. This is an example of
	A. crossing over. B. artificial insemination. C. cross breeding. D. artificial selection.
18.	Which of the following forms of fusion will result into formation of the primary endosperm in seed? A. The tube nucleus with egg cell. B. Generative nucleus with egg cell. C. one male nucleus with egg cell. D. Second male nucleus with polar nuclei.
19.	Which of the following changes when one walks out of a brightly lit place to a poorl lit place? The A. pupils become larger. B. lens becomes longer. C. pupils become narrower. D. lens becomes thicker.
20.	Which of the following eye defects is corrected by using cylindrical lenses A. Hypermatropia. B. Glaucoma. C. Myopia. D. Astigmatism.
21.	Accumulation of Lactic acid in muscles of an athlete during exercise is due to A. Persperation. B. Anaerobic respiration. C. Panting. D. Aerobic respiration.
22.	The diagram below shows part of a section through a stem A B C D Which one of these parts A, B, C, D is responsible for secondary growth?

23.	The following events occur during the upstroke of flapping flight in birds except A. pectoralis minor muscles contract. B. pectoralis major muscles relax. C. pectoralis minor muscles relax. D. wings are pulled up wards.	
24.	Very small mammals need to feed almost continuously because of their A. high surface area: volume ratio hence consequent rapid heat loss. B. low surface area: volume ratio hence consequent rapid heat loss. C. high surface area: volume ratio hence consequent low heat loss. D. low surface area: volume ratio hence consequent low heat loss.	
25.	Which of the following characteristics are true for all insects? P undergo incomplete metamorphosis. R bear jointed limbs. S bear tree pairs of limbs. Q possess wings. T bodies are divided into three main parts.	
1	A. P and S. B. T and Q. C. T and S. D. R and P.	
26.	Which one of the following cells are for food storage in plant? A. Collenchyma cells. B. Guard cells. C. Parenchyma cells. D. Sieve tube cells.	
27.	Which of the following bones are connected to form a pivot joint? A. Atlas and Axis. B. Femur and tibia. C. carpels and wrist. D. Humerus and scapula.	
28.	The best method to determine the population of Oxalis species plant is? A. quadrat method. B. capture mark, recapture method. C. line transect. D. direct counting. After a volcanic eruption has covered an area with lava, which of the following is the	e
29.	most likely order of succession of the area? A. Lichens — grasses — shrubs — trees B. Mosses — grasses — lichens C. Grasses — trees — Mosses — lichens D. Shrubs — grasses — trees — lichens	
30.	Which one of the following parts of the middle ear is linked to the inner ear? A. Auditory nerve. B. Eardrum. C. Cochlea. D. Oval window.	

SECTION B (40 MARKS)

Answer all questions in this section, writing your answers in the spaces provided The figure below shows graphs of body temperature of animals A and B plus the

environmental temperature plotted against time of the day. 31.



a)	What is the relationship between environmenta	il temperature	and th	he b	ody
	temperature of animal?				

i)	A	(1	ma	rk)
1)	A	(1	ma	r

Explain the relationship between environmental temperature and the body b) temperature of animal.

From the graphs predict and explain how active the animals A and B would be at c) (5 marks)

d) What advantage does this give one animal over the other in respect of being active?

(5 ma (5 marks)

How are mammals in cold areas adapted to temperature control?	(6 marks)
Hor	
tudy the diagram below of flower of a plant and answer the questions that	at follow.
A B	
a) Name the parts labelled A, B and C.	(1 ¹ / ₂ marks
AB.	
C.Suggest the agent of pollination for the flower.	(¹ / ₂ mark)
c) State the adaptations of the flower for the agent of pollination mer above.	
d) State the conditions that promote cross pollination in flowers.	(4 marks)
	Turn Over

33. a)		clo	time a vitamin, an enzyme and a mineral element that are involved in the otting process. tamin	(3 marks)
		En	zyme(s)	
		Mi	ineral element	
	b)		ve reasons why knowledge about human blood groups is important dur	ing
		tra	insfusion.	(3 marks)
		_		
		_		
	c)	St	ate two ways by which white blood cells fight micro-organisms.	(2 marks)
	d)	N i)	ame the diseases of blood described by the following symptoms. In ability of the blood to clot.	(2 marks)
		ii	Crescent-shaped red blood cells with abnormal hemoglobin.	
			SECTION C (30 MARKS)	
			Answer any two questions from this section.	
34	. a)) V	Vhat is soil conservation?	(2 marks)
	b		state four ways through which soil fertility can be conserved.	(4 marks)
	c)		Explain why some fish die when large amounts of fertilizers are	(21)
	A		roded into the lake. Besides fertilizers, state three other water pollutants and their respective	(3 marks)
	d	,	effects to aquatic life.	(6 marks)
35		escribe	e how the following parts of the human digestive system are adapted to	
	i)	unction	nouth.	(4 marks)
	ii		stomach.	(5 marks)
	i)	,	luodenum.	(4 marks
	ii		colon.	(2 marks
36	б. a) 1	What is sexual reproduction?	(2 marks
			Describe the growth of the pollen tube and the process of fertilization	
		i	n flowering plants.	(7 marks
	C	;) I	Describe an experiment to show that oxygen is necessary for germination	on. (6 marks
3	7. a	1)	State the differences between short sightedness and long sightedness.	(5 marks
	- t		How is a human eye suited for sight.	(8 marks
	((2)	Name two other eye defects.	(2 mark